## DATA Appliance Design Variations

## The "DATA™ Appliance Family"

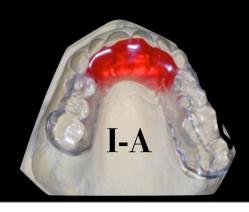












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Applications: Most DATA Appliance applications where there is adequate interocclusal space distal to the most posterior maxillary teeth to place the C-Clasp wire without interference to the opposing mandibular tooth during closure. This is the most comfortable and esthetic DATA Appliance.



# $DATA_{TM}I$



### $DATA_{TM}$

Application: Those DATA Appliance applications where there is not adequate interocclusal space distal to the most posterior maxillary teeth to place a Labial Bow wire or posterior C-Clasp without interference to the opposing mandibular tooth during closure.



### DATA<sub>TM</sub> III

Application: DATA Appliance applications where there is adequate interocclusal space distal to the most posterior maxillary teeth to place the Labial Bow wire, and where control of upper anterior tooth position is critical (e.g. post orthodontics), where control of anterior tooth movement with loading is critical (e.g. flared or periodontally involved upper incisors), or where easier removal of the appliance is desired.



#### DATA<sub>TM</sub> I-A

Applications: DATA Appliance applications where control of tooth position or prevention of potential tooth eruption is critical. Most typically, the DATA I-A is used on post-orthodontic patients and on patients where the DATA Appliance is used more than eight hours a day for more than four weeks

